1 ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD July 18, 2007 2 3 IN THE MATTER OF:)) 4 PETITION OF JOHNS MANVILLE) FOR AN ADJUSTED STANDARD) 5 FROM: 35 Ill. Adm. Code) No. AS 04-04 811.310, 811.311, 811.318,) (Adjusted б and 814, Standard - Land))) 7) 8 REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS held in the 9 above-entitled cause before Hearing Officer Bradley P. Halloran, called by the Illinois Pollution 10 Control Board, taken before Laura Bernar, CSR, a 11 12 notary public within and for the County of Cook and 13 state of Illinois, at the Lake County Administrative Building, 18 North County Street, 10th Floor, 14 Waukegan, Illinois, on the 19th day of July, 2007, 15 16 commencing at the hour of 9:00 a.m. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

1 APPEARANCES: 2 SIDLEY AUSTIN ONE SOUTH DEARBORN 3 Chicago, Illinois 60603 (312)853-2062 4 BY: MR. EDWARD P. KENNEY Appeared on behalf of Johns Manville; 5 ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 9511 West Harrison Street б Des Plaines, Illinois 60016 7 (847)294-4077 BY: MR. PETER E. ORLINSKY 8 Appeared on behalf of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency; 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

1 HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Good 2 morning. My name is Bradley Halloran. I'm a 3 hearing officer with the Illinois Pollution 4 Control Board. I'm also assigned to this 5 case entitled in the matter of Petition of Johns Manville for an adjusted standard from 6 7 35 Illinois Administrative Code 811.310, 811.311, 811.318, and 814. It's docketed 8 9 with the board as AS 4-4. 10 Today is July 19 it's 9:20. I apologize for my lateness. There are no 11 members of the public here, but if there were 12 they'd be allowed to say their piece. We're 13 14 going to run this hearing pursuant to Section 104 Subpart D and Section 101 Subpart F of 15 the board's procedural provisions. I also 16 17 want to note for the record that this hearing was properly noticed up. The hearing is 18 intended to develop a record for the Illinois 19 Pollution Control Board. I will not be 20 21 making the ultimate decision in the case. 22 That's left up to the five members of the board. I'm here to rule on any evidentiary 23 matters and make sure the hearing goes 24

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1	without a hitch. And a brief note, on July
2	9, 2007, I forwarded and filed possible
3	questions from our technical units to the
4	respected parties. And to that end we have
5	Miss Alisa Liu from our technical unit that
6	may or may not be asking questions of the
7	witnesses.
8	With that said, Mr. Kenney,
9	would you like to introduce yourself.
10	MR. KENNEY: Yes. Good morning,
11	Mr. Hearing Officer. My name is Edward
12	Kenney from Sidley Austin in Chicago. I'm
13	here representing Johns Mansville. With me
14	today is William Bow from LFR and he'll be
15	providing some testimony today. In addition
16	I have Denny Quinton, manager of engineering
17	from Johns Manville, and David Petersen, who
18	is one of JM's consultants. For short, I
19	think I'd like to refer to John Mansville as
20	JM. It's fairly typical for the company to
21	be known that way. And what we're here to
22	talk about is a petition for adjusted
23	standard involving the Johns Manville
24	property that's located a short distance from

1 here, just off of Greenwood Avenue, probably 2 less than a mile from here. It's -- the 3 Manville property is approximately 350 acres, 4 and it formerly held a large manufacturing 5 plant that dated back to the early part of the 20th century. The landfill that is the 6 7 subject to this proceeding is a relatively small part of the entire facility. Johns 8 9 Manville ceased manufacturing at that site 10 about ten years ago, and the manufacturing 11 buildings, which comprised about 1.9 million square feet under roof, were demolished over 12 a period of years. That project was 13 14 completed in 2001. This site is somewhat 15 unusual in that it has been subject over the years, for about the last 20 years, more than 16 17 20 years, to a great deal of oversight under the Federal Superfund Program, and the State 18 has also -- Illinois EPA has also been 19 20 involved in overseeing various activities at 21 the site over the years. And just to provide a short summary of the remedial activities, 22 23 they primarily involved consolidation of asbestos-containing waste materials on the 24

1 eastern part of the site and construction of 2 cover over that material. So the eastern 3 part of the site is -- and Mr. Bow will give 4 us an overview of the site as a picture to 5 show it, is essentially a large asbestos landfill with engineered cover over it. This 6 7 petition involves a relatively small part of 8 the eastern part of the site, and Mr. Bow 9 will show us where that is and involves 10 essentially two major elements: One is 11 providing for an adjusted standard for gas, landfill gas, monitoring and management 12 requirements of the Board's regulations, and 13 14 also the other major area is ground water 15 monitoring. That adjusted standard seeks to 16 provide alternative placement for ground 17 water monitoring wells. We have previously submitted 18 written testimony and exhibits to the Board. 19 20 We had previously discussed that with the 21 Illinois EPA over the year -- Actually, we've been in discussions with Illinois EPA about 22 this adjusted standard petition over the 23

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

24

years and submitted written testimony to

б

1	them. Illinois EPA submitted a
2	recommendation that the adjusted standard be
3	granted. And pursuant to your request, we
4	submitted our written testimony exhibits at
5	the end of June, on June 28 or 29, I believe.
6	For convenience sake, I think, why don't we
7	have Mr. Bow sworn after any statement that
8	Illinois EPA would make, and then we can have
9	him vouch for his testimony.
10	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: I agree
11	with Mr. Kenney. Thank you, Mr. Kenney.
12	Mr. Orlinsky?
13	MR. ORLINSKY: I'm Peter Orlinsky,
14	Illinois EPA division of legal counsel. As
15	Mr. Kenney just mentioned, over the course of
16	at least the last two years there have been
17	several back-and-forth meetings and
18	information exchanges between Illinois EPA
19	and technical personnel of Johns Manville.
20	As a result of that information, the agency
21	was able to come to the determination that
22	the that this adjusted standard should be
23	granted and that by doing so there would be
24	no adverse effects to the environment. We

1	want to just hear what Mr. Bow has to say
2	today. We may have very a few questions.
3	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Terrific.
4	Miss Court Reporter, swear in Mr. Bow,
5	please.
6	(Witness sworn.)
7	MR. KENNEY: Good morning, Mr. Bow.
8	MR. BOW: Good morning.
9	MR. KENNEY: I'm going to ask you to
10	look at this. This is the written testimony
11	that we had submitted to the Pollution
12	Control Board along with the exhibits. You
13	should have I've got some extra copies if
14	anybody needs one.
15	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: I believe
16	I have that. Thank you.
17	MR. KENNEY: This is testimony that
18	you prepared in consultation with me and
19	others, correct?
20	MR. BOW: It is.
21	MR. KENNEY: Is this testimony true
22	and correct as you sit here today?
23	MR. BOW: It is.
24	MR. KENNEY: Are the exhibits You're

1	familiar with the exhibits that are attached
2	to it as well?
3	MR. BOW: I am.
4	MR. KENNEY: And they are as
5	represented in the testimony?
б	MR. BOW: They are also correct, yes.
7	MR. KENNEY: Mr. Hearing Officer, I
8	would ask that this be, to the extent it's
9	not already, that it be introduced into the
10	Board's administrative record for this
11	proceeding.
12	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN:
13	Mr. Orlinsky?
14	MR. ORLINSKY: I have no objection.
15	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Want to
16	mark it Exhibit A then.
17	MR. KENNEY: I think that would be
18	fine then. For purposes of the hearing, it
19	has sub exhibits, and we may make reference
20	to some of them, but I think we can make it
21	clear as to what we're talking about.
22	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Okay.
23	We'll mark it group Petitioner's Group
24	Exhibit A and that will be admitted into

1 evidence.

2 MR. KENNEY: Thanks very much. 3 Now, Mr. Bow, you've brought 4 some pictures of the site with you today; is 5 that correct? 6 MR. BOW: I have. 7 MR. KENNEY: Why don't we mark this one as -- this would be Exhibit B. 8 9 HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Sure. 10 MR. KENNEY: We'll mark this exhibit B for identification. And we can -- we have 11 some extra copies of this, too, if you want 12 to take a look at it. I think what we'll do, 13 14 if it's all right, Mr. Hearing officer, to the extent we need to identify particular 15 parts of this, we can maybe make distinctive 16 17 marks on it so that it'll be clear for the record. 18 HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Terrific. 19 MR. KENNEY: Mr. Bow, to the extent we 20 21 need to identify particular areas, we can 22 make marks on it and we'll just indicate what kind of mark we're making on it. 23 24 MR. BOW: That's fine.

1 MR. KENNEY: Could you, for the benefit of the Board, sort of describe the 2 3 site? And if you could hold up the exhibit 4 and show what you're talking about. 5 MR. BOW: Sure. This is a site aerial photograph of the Johns Manville property 6 7 that was taken on October 5, 2005. The dashed outline with the double dots between 8 9 them is the property line that encompasses 10 the entire Johns Manville site. You can see in the lower right corner of the photograph 11 is Lake Michigan which is the eastern 12 13 property line of the Johns Manville property. 14 The western property line is along some 15 railroad tracks that exists essentially along Pershing Road which runs south of the city of 16 17 Waukegan. The property itself is roughly 350 acres in size. The former manufacturing area 18 is shown on the western side of the site 19 20 which is in sort of the upper left corner of 21 the property. It shows the former building pads of the manufacturing buildings that were 22 removed, as Mr. Kenney stated, in 2001. The 23 eastern portion of the site, roughly 130 to 24

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 140 acres in size, is a former disposal area 2 that was closed pursuant to a federal consent 3 decree in -- The closure was completed in 4 roughly 1992 through the placement of a 5 two-foot thick engineered soil cover over the entire former disposal area, and that is 6 7 shown also in a dashed outline in the 8 photograph. Nested within that former 9 disposal area are two units that were closed 10 or are being closed pursuant to this 11 proceeding, an onsite landfill that was used for the disposal of non-asbestos waste by the 12 plant while it was still in operation post 13 14 1992, and those disposal areas are shown 15 within the overall CERCLA closed disposal area. They're shown as Fill Area 1 and Fill 16 17 Area 2 on this particular photograph. And, again, I point out that they are nested 18 19 within the closed CERCLA landfill, and that 20 has some significant relative to the adjusted 21 standard that we're asking for today. The Fill Area 1 is roughly ten 22 23 acres in size and was also known as the former miscellaneous disposal pit. Fill Area 24

1	L	2 is roughly three and a half acres in size,
4	2	and it was formerly known as the collection
	3	basin. There was a body of water that
4	1	existed to the east on the eastern end of the
ŗ	5	former CERCLA landfill, the former disposal
6	5	area, and that was filled in in roughly 1996
5	7	and is known as Fill Area 2.
8	3	MR. KENNEY: Now, the This large
9	9	blue area, what is that?
1()	MR. BOW: The large blue area is a 35
11	L	acre former settling basin that was used as
12	2	part of the plant's waste water treatment
13	3	system. Water would be used in the
14	1	manufacturing process in the former
15	5	manufacturing area. That water was
10	5	subsequently pumped upwards, and, again, it
17	7	was it is pumped in the disposal area and
18	3	was pumped into this former lagoon, again, 35
19	9	acres in size, former settling basin, where
20)	various products including asbestos and other
21	L	entrained debris in the waste water would
22	2	drop out within the settling basin. That
23	3	water was then recycled back through the
24	1	plant as an ongoing waste water treatment

1	system. This particular lagoon, 35 acres in
2	size, is currently being closed pursuant to a
3	first amended consent decree which is also
4	part of the submitted testimony. This was
5	allowed to remain open after the 1992 closure
б	of the land areas so that the plant could
7	continue manufacturing. And when
8	manufacturing ceased during the 1990s, it was
9	no longer needed for manufacturing;
10	therefore, it is now being closed pursuant to
11	a first amended consent decree under a
12	federal and a state consent order.
13	MR. KENNEY: So what is the physical
14	state of that of that feature at this
15	point?
16	MR. BOW: Okay. The This
17	particular photograph happened to have been
18	taken on a day where we were actually pulling
19	across a very large geotextile across the
20	entire settling basin, and I'll show you.
21	The geotextile was placed on the western bank
22	of the former settling basin, and on this
23	particular day, October 5, 2005, it was
24	pulled across the water surface in order to

1 provide a substantial base upon which we 2 could place sand and clay cover, because the 3 underlying sludge was quite weak and could 4 not hold up equipment placing sand and clay. 5 So we put a geotextile across, and it was pulled across the basin on this particular 6 7 day. And on this photograph you can actually 8 see the leading edge at approximately this 9 location. This was 90 percent across the 10 basin as the photograph was taken. 11 Subsequent to this within an hour it was pulled up on to the bank. Presently the 12 water level in that basin was originally 13 14 approximately 600 to 603 feet above sea level. Lake Michigan current level is 15 approximately 577 feet above sea level. So 16 17 you have about a 26 foot difference between the water level in the settling basin versus 18 19 the surrounding ground water in the area. 20 Previously we used to pump -- JM used to pump 21 water up to the settling basin to keep it full because there was asbestos fiber in the 22 23 bottom, and it needed to be kept wet. With this closure, pumping to the settling basin 24

1 has ceased and water is -- has been allowed 2 to drain as it has always drained for the 3 past 80 plus years out the bottom; however, 4 it's not being replenished. And as the water 5 then exposes the now sunken geotextile at the bottom, on the bottom surface of the sludge, 6 7 as that geotextile becomes exposed as the 8 water drains, sand is being placed over the 9 top of it. And so the current photograph 10 would actually show sand, very nearly half 11 way across from the southwest corner of the settling basin toward the northeast as it 12 drains and covers -- sand cover is placed on 13 14 top. MR. KENNEY: Now, you had mentioned, I 15 think, that there was another body of water 16 17 that existed to the east of Fill Area No. 2. MR. BOW: Yes. It was actually to the 18 19 east of the former settling basin. There was 20 an interim basin called the collection basin, 21 and it received water from the settling

22 basin. The collection basin was a
23 rectangular body that was roughly the same
24 north/south dimension as the settling basin.

1	However, it was much narrower in the
2	east/west dimensions. It was only, perhaps,
3	150 feet in width in the east/west direction.
4	That used to contain water, and we did some
5	engineering work several years ago to prevent
6	water from filling the collection basin. And
7	subsequent to that we filled it in with quite
8	a bit of clay. And the therefore, there
9	was no standing water in the collection basin
10	any longer.
11	Fill Area No. 2 is comprised of
12	roughly the southern one-third of the former
13	collection basin.
14	MR. KENNEY: Okay. What were the
15	purposes of the settling basin in that
16	portion of the collection basin that formerly
17	had water?
18	MR. BOW: They were both used as part
19	of the waste water treatment system at the JM
20	plant during manufacturing.
21	MR. KENNEY: When the plant was
22	operating in terms of manufacturing?
23	MR. BOW: Correct.
24	MR. KENNEY: And those were allowed by

1 the original consent decree? MR. BOW: Yes. 2 3 MR. KENNEY: Now, the first amended 4 consent decree which is an exhibit to your 5 testimony, it's Exhibit No. 4. You were 6 involved in the negotiations process for that 7 that resulted in that, correct? MR. BOW: I was. 8 9 MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, did the --10 What's the overriding purpose of that consent decree? 11 MR. BOW: The purpose of the consent 12 decree is to obtain final regulatory closure 13 14 on the settling basin, the former collection basin, as I had mentioned, the onsite 15 landfill, some smaller waste water ponds 16 17 located west of the former settling basin, and two long linear bodies of water called 18 the industrial canal and the pumping lagoon 19 that are located roughly along the northern 20 21 property of the JM property. 22 HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Mr. Kenney, I guess just for clarification, that would be 23 24 No. 4 of Group Exhibit A.

1	MR. KENNEY: That is correct.
2	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: I'm trying
3	to make it clear to the board.
4	MR. KENNEY: That's correct. And the
5	Board had asked During the course of those
б	negotiations, was the idea of an adjusted
7	standard discussed with the USEPA, the IEPA
8	the Justice Department, and the Illinois
9	Attorney General's Office representatives who
10	were involved in that?
11	MR. BOW: Yes, it was.
12	MR. KENNEY: Is that reflected in the
13	consent decree?
14	MR. BOW: Yes, it is.
15	MR. KENNEY: The idea that the
16	adjusted standard would be necessary?
17	MR. BOW: It is.
18	MR. KENNEY: Do you know where?
19	MR. BOW: I believe it was on Page 24
20	under Subitem C on that page.
21	MR. KENNEY: Again, that's Exhibit 4
22	to Group Exhibit A. Do we need to read that
23	into the record? We can if you'd like.
24	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: We don't

1 need to.

2	MR. KENNEY: Okay. There was also
3	somewhat contemporaneously with the
4	negotiation of the amended, first amended
5	consent decree, there were negotiations with
6	the state on a consent order; is that
7	correct?
8	MR. BOW: There were.
9	MR. KENNEY: I don't believe this
10	is It's in the this document is in the
11	record to the extent we submit it as an
12	exhibit to Mr. Orlinsky's to the IEPA's
13	recommendation, we can either submit it as a
14	separate exhibit here or we can just
15	reference that. The Board also asks if that
16	consent order addresses because I believe
17	it was in Mr. Campbell's comments, if that
18	consent order also addresses the adjusted
19	standard, and it does. Maybe it would make
20	sense to just introduce this as a separate
21	exhibit and just indicate where it is, if
22	that's okay?
23	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Exhibit C.
24	MR. KENNEY: I'm going to mark a

1	consent order dated January 6, 2005, People
2	of the State of Illinois, ex rel, Lisa
3	Madigan versus Johns Manville, No it's
4	Circuit Court of Lake County No. 01 CH 857
5	and identify that as ask Mr. Bow to
б	identify that.
7	MR. BOW: This is the state consent
8	order.
9	MR. KENNEY: And look at Page 13.
10	MR. BOW: Item No. 2 references
11	closure of the miscellaneous disposal pit and
12	a portion of the collection basin where waste
13	was disposed.
14	MR. KENNEY: Does that acknowledge
15	that an adjusted standard might be necessary?
16	MR. BOW: It does. It says that
17	Mansville should either file a petition with
18	the board for an adjusted standard for
19	closure of the landfill.
20	MR. KENNEY: Okay. I'm going to ask
21	that that be introduced that that be
22	entered into evidence as Exhibit C.
23	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Any
24	objection?

1	MR. ORLINSKY: No objection.
2	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: So
3	admitted.
4	MR. KENNEY: I'll also ask that
5	Exhibit B be entered into evidence.
6	MR. ORLINSKY: No objection.
7	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Admitted.
8	MR. KENNEY: So the adjusted standard
9	proceeding that we're here today, that
10	involves Fill Area No. 1 and Fill Area No. 2,
11	correct?
12	MR. BOW: Correct.
13	MR. KENNEY: Okay. About how big are
14	those two features?
15	MR. BOW: Fill Area 1 is the former
16	miscellaneous disposal pit is approximately
17	ten acres in size and Fill Area 2, the former
18	collection Basin, is roughly three and a half
19	acres in size.
20	MR. KENNEY: How were those landfills
21	operated, during what period?
22	MR. BOW: When the CERCLA action was
23	completed in 1992, the facility filed an
24	initial facility report to provide for the

1	disposal of plant-generated waste that were
2	not asbestos contained within former
3	miscellaneous disposal pit which was located
4	roughly the eastern one half of Fill Area 1.
5	The miscellaneous disposal pit was a pit,
б	because the surrounding area had been built
7	up during the CERCLA landfill work leaving a
8	pit that was subsequently filled in with
9	plant wastes in Fill Area No. 1.
10	MR. KENNEY: Now what kind of plant
11	wastes were those?
12	MR. BOW: Largely two kinds with some
13	additional materials: The two were calcium
14	silicate, which was essentially limestone,
15	crushed lime and sand that was made as part
16	of the insulation material. There was some
17	roofing materials, some granules, and then
18	there was miscellaneous and smaller amounts
19	of paper, cardboard, occasional pieces of
20	wood; but largely calcium silicate and the
21	rolled roofing or roofing granules. No
22	asbestos materials were disposed in the
23	miscellaneous disposal pit or the Fill Area 2
24	in the collection basin.

1	MR. KENNEY: The consent decree
2	prohibited that, didn't it?
3	MR. BOW: That's correct. And as part
4	of that during the 1992 and 1991 CERCLA
5	closure activities, a layer of sand was
6	placed at the direction of the U.S. EPA at
7	the bottom of the former miscellaneous
8	disposal pit as a cover layer over any
9	materials at the bottom that may have
10	contained asbestos.
11	MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, Johns
12	Manville, through consultants such as
13	yourself, did some work to evaluate and
14	verify what was in that landfill, those Fill
15	Area 1 and Fill Area 2, correct?
16	MR. BOW: That's correct.
17	MR. KENNEY: And did
18	MR. BOW: The waste materials that
19	were discovered during the investigation that
20	were reported in one of the exhibits to
21	Exhibit A were well results from well
22	drilling showing the materials that were
23	disposed in the pit were consistent with what
24	they had said was going to be placed in the

1	pit during the in the initial facility
2	report that was filed in 1992.
3	MR. KENNEY: Does that material
4	generate much in terms of landfill gas?
5	MR. BOW: It does not.
6	MR. KENNEY: And was work done to
7	verify how much landfill gas was being
8	generated?
9	MR. BOW: Yes, there was. There was a
10	landfill gas monitoring well that was
11	installed in miscellaneous disposal pit
12	through the waste materials. There was
13	landfill gas drawn from that, and there has
14	been monitoring of landfill gas. It is very
15	low pressure and is not indicative of a
16	typical chemical in a landfill.
17	MR. KENNEY: Does that gas monitoring
18	continue or has it continued since the
19	original work when was the original work
20	done?
21	MR. BOW: For the landfill gas
22	monitoring?
23	MR. KENNEY: Yes.
24	MR. BOW: I believe Let me find it.

1 April 2003.

2	MR. KENNEY: Okay. And has there been
3	ongoing gas monitoring since then?
4	MR. BOW: Yes. Since that time, the
5	regulations call for monthly monitoring of
6	landfill gas. That is That continues to
7	this day. One of the adjusted standards is
8	to call for reduction of frequency of that
9	monitoring, but until that is resolved, we're
10	continuing the monthly monitoring.
11	MR. KENNEY: Okay. What is that
12	monthly monitoring showing?
13	MR. BOW: It is consistent with the
14	original investigation showing very low gas
15	pressures within the landfill itself and have
16	been no detections of landfill gas pursuant
17	to the standard monitoring that is done that
18	would indicate any migration of landfill gas.
19	MR. KENNEY: Okay. What does the
20	adjusted standard provide for?
21	MR. BOW: The adjusted standard
22	provides for two things: One is the a
23	reduction in the frequency of landfill gas
24	monitoring from a monthly period of

1	monitoring for a minimum of five years. It
2	provides to go to semiannual monitoring for a
3	total of five years, after which if no
4	detections are noted, monitoring will cease.
5	The second standard provides for
6	the location of the subsurface monitoring
7	devices which would normally be placed at 100
8	feet away from the edge of the waste;
9	however, in this case, because that would
10	place us within some asbestos waste materials
11	along the side slopes of the CERCLA landfill,
12	we have asked that those monitoring locations
13	be allowed to be placed somewhat further out
14	to get away from having drilled through the
15	side slopes of the landfill.
16	MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, you've
17	mentioned, I believe, a couple of times that
18	there is an asbestos landfill that was
19	constructed pursuant to the superfund consent
20	decree. Could you give the board an idea of
21	where that is.
22	MR. BOW: Sure.
23	MR. KENNEY: Using Exhibit B. If you
24	have another drawing that shows it, that

would be okay as well.

1

MR. BOW: I'll take a look at both. 2 3 Using Exhibit B, the former CERCLA landfill, 4 again, is located on roughly -- it's 5 distorted from the photograph, but it's roughly the eastern half of the property 6 7 itself, and it is shown by this dashed outline, and it can be seen essentially as 8 9 the green vegetated area on the landfill itself. This is the former CERCLA landfill 10 outline as shown by this double dashed line 11 surrounding this area. The settling basin is 12 within that, as we've discussed, and the two 13 14 units for the onsite landfill being closed pursuant to this proceeding and this adjusted 15 standard are nested within the former CERCLA 16 landfill in both areas, Fill Area 1 and Fill 17 Area 2. To further depict that, I have a 18 cross-section that is a west-to-east 19 cross-section. This cross-section is 20 21 located -- it may be found within the 22 exhibits --23 MR. KENNEY: That would be Group Exhibit A. 24

1 MR. BOW: Group Exhibit A. This cross-section is shown within that. 2 3 MR. KENNEY: Just for clarification, I 4 believe that is Group Exhibit A, and it's 5 Figure --6 MR. BOW: Figure 2B. 7 MR. KENNEY: Figure 2B. HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Thank you, 8 9 Mr. Kenney. 10 MR. BOW: This particular cross-section, east/west, is shown through 11 the -- starting at the western edge of the 12 former CERCLA landfill as shown on the aerial 13 14 photograph, and it runs towards the east and terminates at the edge of Lake Michigan. 15 The cross-section itself shows several units 16 within it. First of all, it's a closed 17 CERCLA landfill shown in the green hatch. 18 The native ground comes up to approximately 19 580 to 585 feet above sea level above which 20 21 is the former CERCLA landfill which we 22 identified previously as part of the disposal area shown in the green hatch. On top of 23 that particular unit is an engineered cover 24

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 consisting of six inches of sand overlaid by 2 15 inches of clay overlaid by three inches of 3 topsoil upon which there is a vegetative 4 layer placed upon that. That CERCLA cover 5 extends from the west to the east to the edge of the former miscellaneous disposal pit. 6 7 The former miscellaneous disposal pit, again, was left open to allow for ongoing disposal 8 of nonasbestos plant waste post 1992. 9 10 However, within that area you can see there is a sand layer depicted that has been 11 verified through drilling; sand layer 12 depicted at the bottom of the miscellaneous 13 disposal pit and has cover over any asbestos 14 15 wastes that were going to be located below the former miscellaneous disposal pit. And 16 17 then at the far eastern edge, the CERCLA cover picks up again outside of the limits of 18 19 the former miscellaneous disposal pit, and it 20 extends down to the closure area, the edge of 21 the former superfund site. Above the CERCLA landfill and 22 23 CERCLA cap are miscellaneous disposal pit wastes for on-site landfill waste material, 24

1	and that's shown in the brown hatching as
2	depicted above the cover on the CERCLA
3	wastes. And above the miscellaneous disposal
4	pit wastes is a clay cover that was used as
5	interim cover on top of the wastes that were
б	placed in the miscellaneous disposal pit.
7	That clay cover varies, currently varies
8	between anywhere, from, say, three feet and
9	upwards of 18 feet in thickness.
10	MR. KENNEY: So at present the Fill
11	Areas 1 and 2 have cover on them?
12	MR. BOW: They do.
13	MR. KENNEY: They're not open waste?
14	MR. BOW: They are not. There are no
15	waste materials at the surface. There is a
16	second cross-section Figure 2D located within
17	Exhibit A.
18	MR. KENNEY: That's Exhibit A, Group
19	Exhibit A, and that's Exhibit 2 to that and
20	it's Figure 2.
21	MR. BOW: This is Figure 2D. This is,
22	again, also a west-to-east cross-section
23	through the miscellaneous I'm sorry
24	through Fill Unit 2 which is the former

1 collection basin. The cross-section extends 2 roughly from the edge of the former settling 3 basin eastward to Lake Michigan. The top of 4 the CERCLA cover is depicted until it gets to 5 the edge of the former collection basin. There are some waste materials consisting 6 7 virtually entirely of calcium silicate 8 material at the bottom of the former 9 miscellaneous -- I'm sorry -- the bottom of 10 the former collection basin. And on top of that there is another clay cover that varies 11 in anywhere from 5 to 15 feet in thickness. 12 MR. KENNEY: Now, it's not part of 13 14 this proceeding, but there have been 15 discussions with -- between Johns Manville and IEPA concerning the cover that is on the 16 17 Fill Area 1 and 2; is that correct? MR. BOW: There have. 18 19 MR. KENNEY: Do you have an 20 understanding as to what IEPA's position on 21 that -- whether the cover is equivalent to the regulatory requirements? 22 MR. BOW: Well, the existing cover 23 will need to be modified through the 24

1	placement of some additional materials, sand
2	drainage layer, and some additional cover
3	materials. But we've been in ongoing
4	discussions with the Illinois EPA,
5	specifically Chris Liebman and his group.
6	And they have agreed that the cover that's
7	being proposed for the onsite landfill units
8	is the equivalent of the standard cover in
9	the regulations; therefore, an adjusted
10	standard will not be required.
11	MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, in terms of
12	the adjusted standard proceeding here today,
13	we're talking about an adjusted standard for
14	gas monitoring and management requirements
15	and for ground water monitoring for Fill
16	Area 1 and 2?
17	MR. BOW: Correct.
18	MR. KENNEY: Could you briefly
19	describe First of all, why don't we start
20	with gas management monitoring. Could you
21	point out why that would why the
22	regulatory requirements would present
23	problems in terms of location of gas
24	monitoring wells and management systems?

1 MR. BOW: Yes. The standard 2 regulation calls for the placement of 3 subsurface gas monitoring devices roughly 100 4 feet away from the edge of the waste unit. 5 And based on this cross-section 2B that I referred to earlier, that would place the 6 7 monitoring wells or monitoring devices roughly half way up the side slope of the 8 9 now-closed CERCLA landfill. So we would be 10 drilling -- We would be placing permanent monitoring wells half way up the side slopes 11 of a closed superfund asbestos landfill. And 12 for a variety of reasons, health and safety, 13 14 and logistics and costs, we have felt that the placement of monitoring wells half way up 15 the side slopes of the CERCLA landfill was 16 17 inappropriate and that placement of those monitoring wells immediately at the top of 18 19 the slope was a much more practical solution. MR. KENNEY: Now is that -- Are you 20 21 talking about ground water monitoring wells 22 or gas monitoring wells or both? MR. BOW: Both. 23 24 MR. KENNEY: Okay. So is the problem

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 penetration of the cap or is the problem getting equipment to put the wells in? 2 MR. BOW: It's both. The first issue 3 4 is that the U.S. EPA and JM would prefer to 5 avoid drilling through the CERCLA cap as much 6 as possible. Secondly -- and that's for 7 health and safety reasons simply during the drilling event; and then, subsequent to that, 8 9 there is the concern that you could have slope failure, and you would expose a 10 significant portion of the asbestos waste 11 materials underneath the cover should the 12 bringing of heavy equipment and construction 13 14 of the roads that would be necessary to put these wells half way up the side slope should 15 that cover fail. 16 MR. KENNEY: Obviously with the drill 17 rig, you have to have some sort of equipment 18 to bring in and put it in place? 19 MR. BOW: That's correct. 20 21 MR. KENNEY: Like a truck or something 22 like that. 23 MR. BOW: Correct. 24 MR. KENNEY: And that can create

problems in terms of slope failure.

1

MR. BOW: Yes. So the combination of 2 3 slope failure and the potential health and 4 safety effects of the drilling and of the 5 potential slope failure led us to conclude it would be more practicable to locate the 6 7 monitoring point; instead of half way up the side slope, to just move them immediately to 8 9 the east or the south away from the side 10 slopes to the now closed CERCLA landfill.

MR. KENNEY: Okay. And the data that JM has collected concerning gas generation is that there is not much gas being generated by the landfills anyway.

15 MR. BOW: That's correct.

16 MR. KENNEY: Okay. Let's talk about 17 ground water monitoring a little bit. Could 18 you sort of explain what Johns Manville is 19 seeking with respect to the adjusted standard 20 for the ground water monitoring?

21 MR. BOW: Similar to the location of 22 the gas monitoring devices, JM is seeking an 23 adjustment, adjusted standard to the location 24 of the ground water monitoring wells that

1 would normally be placed pursuant to the regulation at a distance of one half of the 2 3 distance between the edge of the waste and 4 the zone of attenuation. That would, in 5 effect, locate those wells roughly 50 feet away from the edge of the waste within the 6 7 two units. That 50-foot distance, again, puts that within the CERCLA landfill 8 9 requiring drilling through the CERCLA cover 10 and along the side slopes of the CERCLA landfill. Therefore, we have proposed 11 placing the monitoring wells and the zone of 12 attenuation extended outward a short 13 14 distance; that instead of the zone of attenuation being 100 feet away from the 15 waste, it would be placed in various 16 17 distances roughly 150 to 200 feet away. MR. KENNEY: Now, you're referencing 18 Figure 2A which is part of Exhibit 2 of Group 19 Exhibit A; is that correct? 20 21 MR. BOW: Correct. 22 MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, the Pollution Control Board, prior to the hearing, asked 23 the question concerning zone of attenuation 24

1	1	and whether the zone of attenuation could be,
2	2	apparently based on this drawing, which is
	3	also the same drawing as Exhibit 8 to the
4	4	adjusted standard petition. Is that correct?
Ę	ō	MR. BOW: That's correct.
6	5	MR. KENNEY: Do you recall the Board's
-	7	question?
8	3	MR. BOW: The question regarding that
9	9	was whether or not the zone of attenuation
1(C	actually extends in a complete encirclement
11	1	of the two waste units. And that is, in
12	2	fact, the case. The concern was that the
13	3	exhibits, as depicted, only showed the zone
14	4	of attenuation in the down gradient
15	5	direction, which is, from a practical
16	5	perspective, where the ground water
17	7	monitoring has to be conducted. But the zone
18	8	of attenuation, in effect, extends, encircles
19	9	the entire unit at a distance roughly 100
20	C	feet away from the edge of the waste.
21	1	However, in the down gradient directions
22	2	where the monitoring has to take place, it's
23	3	extended somewhat further to the east and to
24	4	the south. But to the northern and the

1 eastern -- western sides of the two units, it would not be changed. It would be left at 2 3 the standard 100 foot distance. 4 MR. KENNEY: I'm going to ask that 5 Exhibit D, which is a drawing, be marked for identification. And I'll ask Mr. Bow to take 6 7 a look at this. You've seen this, Peter. I'll have Mr. Bow discuss this as well. I'm 8 9 going to ask you to take a look at Exhibit D 10 and explain what it is. MR. BOW: Exhibit D is a modification 11 to Figure 2A that shows the -- shows the 12 13 proposed zone attenuation boundary on the 14 south and east sides as had been requested in the adjusted standard petition. However, it 15 includes a dashed line that would depict the 16 17 zone of attenuation at a 100 foot distance away from the waste edge -- away from the 18 unit -- the boundary of the waste in a 19 20 traditional fashion, pursuant to the 21 regulations at 100 feet away. 22 MR. KENNEY: Okay. Now, there 23 wouldn't be ground water monitoring wells located to the north or where that --24

1	northern part of that line to the north of
2	Fill Area 1 or Fill Area 2; is that correct?
3	MR. BOW: No, there would not.
4	MR. KENNEY: Because
5	MR. BOW: They are in a cross
6	gradient, not a down gradient direction.
7	There would not be monitoring the ground
8	water quality from these two units because
9	they are not down grading. Those directions,
10	the west side on the north side are not down
11	grading of the units.
12	MR. KENNEY: Now, would the same type
13	of issue In the event that the gradient
14	never shifted and there needed to be wells,
15	would the same issues present themselves
16	there?
17	MR. BOW: They would.
18	MR. KENNEY: In terms of slope and
19	drilling through the asbestos landfill?
20	MR. BOW: They would.
21	MR. KENNEY: Because the asbestos
22	landfill extends around Fill Area 1 and Fill
23	Area it, doesn't it?
24	MR. BOW: It does. The asbestos

1	landfill extends a considerable distance to
2	the west and to the north of the two fill
3	areas.
4	MR. KENNEY: Okay. The one exception
5	to that is where the settling basin is,
6	but the former settling basin. But that,
7	similarly, you can't drill through that
8	either, can you?
9	MR. BOW: That's being closed pursuant
10	to the first amended consent decree, and the
11	U.S. EPA and JM would view drilling through
12	those units as we would like to see that
13	as limited just as limited as the existing
14	CERCLA cover.
15	MR. KENNEY: In order prevent
16	MR. BOW: In order to prevent
17	MR. KENNEY: migration of
18	asbestos-containing material and that sort of
19	thing?
20	MR. BOW: And, again, since these
21	directions are not down gradient of the two
22	units of the miscellaneous disposal pit and
23	the former collection basin ground water
24	monitoring would never be anticipated for

those areas.

1

MR. KENNEY: So in answer to the 2 3 question raised by the board, this document 4 would show the zone of attenuation extended 5 around the landfills. But in terms of location of ground water monitoring wells, 6 7 they wouldn't be required because -- under the regulations because at present it's not 8 9 down gradient? 10 MR. BOW: That's correct. There was never any intent to modify the zone of 11 attenuation in those other directions. 12 MR. KENNEY: Okay. I think we've 13 14 addressed the board's questions about the consent orders. We've addressed the question 15 about the zone of attenuation. 16 17 MS. LIU: Actually, I do have some remaining questions. Is it all right --18 MR. KENNEY: We can do it now or --19 HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Let's do it 20 21 now since we're on the topic. Want to go 22 ahead, Miss Liu. MS. LIU: Since the consent order was 23 the first thing you addressed, I believe the 24

1 question related to whether or not there had 2 been any development since those consent 3 orders came out that might have changed the 4 directives at all? There was some indication 5 in a public comment that perhaps there were future developments that might impact today's 6 7 adjusted standard. I was wondering if you could provide any insight on that. 8 9 MR. KENNEY: Not to my knowledge. 10 What is occurring under the consent orders, the Illinois consent order, the penalty has 11 been paid. It was -- The consent order arose 12 from an enforcement proceeding. Penalties 13 14 have been paid. I think there's been some 15 stipulated penalties for some sort of ongoing 16 MPDS type issues that have been paid. And 17 the only other issue essentially associated with that was there was a reference to the 18 19 adjusted standard which is what we're here for. And there really haven't been any other 20 21 development that I'm aware of with respect to 22 that. In terms of the federal 23

24 consent decree, the federal consent decree

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 provides for some extended remedial 2 activities, settling basin is being done 3 pursuant to that. There's some additional 4 work that's being done pursuant to that. At 5 some point in time, the two bodies of water, two of the bodies of water to the north of 6 7 the site -- Why don't you identify those, 8 Mr. Bow. 9 MR. BOW: The industrial canal located 10 along the northern boundary and the pumping lagoon, which is an extension, westward 11 extension of the canal. 12 MR. KENNEY: Those will need to be 13 14 addressed, but they really don't relate to this proceeding at all. So there really have 15 not been any development associated with 16 17 either the state consent order or the federal consent decree that I'm aware of that would 18 affect this, what the adjusted standard 19 20 proceeding. 21 MS. LIU: Thank you for that update. 22 The other question I had was pertaining to the zone of attenuation, and I appreciate you 23 clarifying where you intended it to be. But 24

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 I believe the question related more to the 2 wording of the adjusted standard as proposed. 3 When I read it, I thought perhaps it might 4 exclude the identification of the zone of 5 attenuation on the western and northern side. And I was wondering, not being a lawyer, if 6 7 there was an alternate way you could word 8 that so that there wasn't confusion. 9 MR. KENNEY: Yes. There was a 10 reference in the adjusted standard language that refers to Exhibit 8 which was Exhibit 8 11 to the petition which is the same as figure 12 2A. We could do an alternative figure, or we 13 14 could -- I was looking at the language, and 15 I'm not sure I can figure out a better way of doing that, but we're certainly not adverse 16 17 to that if the Board feels it needs to be clarified. We can even do an alternative 18 19 exhibit more along the lines of the one that Mr. Bow was just discussing. I suppose we 20 21 could do alternative language, too, but I'm really not sure exactly how to do it. The 22

that we had suggested talks about installing

23

24

location -- yeah. Basically the language

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1 ground water monitoring wells at the location 2 specified on the attached Figure 8. Figure 8 3 really was intended to identify where the 4 ground water monitoring wells were going to 5 be installed and had the zone of attenuation placed on that for sort of additional 6 information. We could either amend Figure 8, 7 2A to clarify that, you know, the zone of 8 9 attenuation surrounds the two fill areas. 10 It'll still show the monitoring wells in the same locations if that's -- if that's what 11 the Board feels would be necessary. 12 13 I guess the other thing we could 14 do is submit something that -- basically a 15 revised figure that just shows where the monitoring wells would be and not indicate 16 17 the other language. MR. BOW: I believe that the Illinois 18 19 EPA felt it important that we distinguish that the zone of attenuation would be moved 20 21 as a result of this adjusted standard. So the act of moving the ground water monitoring 22 wells outward to the slope also necessitated 23 an adjustment to the zone of attenuation 24

adjusted standard to that.

1

2

MR. KENNEY: Okay.

3 MR. BOW: The language references 4 Figure 8 as the location of the zone of 5 attenuation as adjusted. We could -- easiest 6 to modify Figure 8 in order to show the zone 7 of attenuation in much the same way that we have shown Group Exhibit -- on Group 8 9 Exhibit D where we would show the zone of attenuation at the 100 foot distance on the 10 sides, the west and the north sides, and 11 leave the modified zone of attenuation on the 12 east and south sides as are already on the 13 14 figure. Since the language references Figure 8 in the original adjusted standard, a 15 modification of Figure 8, I believe, would 16 17 just address the issue without trying to figure out how to write it down in words 18 depending upon this corner and that corner, 19 et cetera, et cetera, if that would be 20 21 acceptable. 22 MS. LIU: I think that would be a good 23 way to go.

24 MR. KENNEY: And that's fine. Now,

could we do this or do you want to do
submit another revised Figure 8?
MR. BOW: I'm fine with this
handwritten sketch as Group Exhibit D because
the that's essentially what it's going to
look like on the revised Figure 8. The
question would be whether the Board would be
concerned that the hand sketch isn't exactly
reflective of 100 foot distance on the north
and west sides in the sense that it's going
to wobble a little bit between 90 and 110 as
my pen moved around it. We could, on a much
more detail level, submit a figure that was
exactly 100 feet. I think it's a distinction
without a difference, but if the Board would
prefer that we come up with an exacting
drawing, I don't have any problem doing that.
I just don't have it with me today. In other
words, you know, this is
HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Off the
record.
(Short break taken.)
HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: We can go
back on the record, I think. We took a short

1	break. We're now back. It's approximately
2	10:31. Mr. Kenney?
3	MR. KENNEY: I think there was some
4	discussion when we were off the record how
5	best to address this Exhibit 8 to the
6	petition issue and to kind of clarify that.
7	I think the conclusion was that we can submit
8	a revised Exhibit 8 that shows the zones of
9	attenuation around Fill Area 1 and 2, and we
10	can do that within the next day or so. So
11	that would be our proposal in terms of
12	clarification of the record.
13	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Yeah.
14	That's fine with me. Or I'm trying to I'm
15	thinking out loud here. Do you wish to
16	submit that into evidence?
17	MR. KENNEY: We can submit Why
18	don't we have and I would ask that
19	Exhibit D be entered into evidence. That's
20	the figure that Mr. Bow had identified and
21	was addressing. We can also submit a
22	revised and that should be part of the
23	administrative record as well, but I'm not
24	sure how best to do that.

1	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN:
2	Mr. Orlinsky, I guess first off, do you have
3	any objection to Exhibit D being admitted
4	into evidence?
5	MR. ORLINSKY: No.
6	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Exhibit D
7	is admitted into evidence.
8	Now, the query is do you want to,
9	I guess, at our behest, submit a revised
10	Exhibit A?
11	MR. KENNEY: Just so the record is
12	clear, this drawing was submitted as
13	Exhibit A to the original to the amended
14	adjusted standard petition. And it's also
15	included in Group Exhibit A as Figure 2A; is
16	that correct?
17	MR. BOW: Correct.
18	MR. KENNEY: So it's sort of in two
19	places. What we would be submitting would be
20	sort of a modification of Exhibit D, which
21	was just entered just a little bit more
22	precisely drawn to show the zone of
23	attenuation around Fill Area 1 and Fill
24	Area 2, just be more precise by CAD; is that

1 correct?

2	MR. BOW: It is. The Exhibit D is a
3	hand sketch of what a more accurately
4	depicted revised Figure 8 would be. But it
5	will largely it will be exactly reflective
6	of what is on Exhibit D already.
7	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Okay.
8	Thanks for the clarification, and I think the
9	record will reflect that. However, I feel a
10	little uncomfortable accepting it if you were
11	going to offer it into evidence. What will
12	happen, the Board will take that into
13	consideration, you'll just submit the revised
14	Exhibit 8 and Group Exhibit A.
15	MR. KENNEY: That's fine.
16	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: And any
17	objection, Mr. Orlinsky, just for the record?
18	MR. ORLINSKY: No. I wouldn't object.
19	MR. KENNEY: That's fine. We have no
20	problem with that. This is really for the
21	Board's clarification in any event. So we
22	have no problem doing it that way.
23	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Terrific.
24	We can move on.

1	MR. KENNEY: One other question that
2	the board had raised was concerning
3	Exhibit 11 of Group Exhibit A which is
4	it's an onsite landfill ground water aviche
5	(ph.) quality report, and there was a
6	reference to a submittal to the Pollution
7	Control Board in that report. It actually
8	should be the submittal was to the
9	Illinois EPA; is that correct?
10	MR. BOW: It was a submittal from the
11	Illinois EPA.
12	MR. KENNEY: I'm sorry.
13	MR. BOW: Dated September 14, 2005.
14	There was a question from the Illinois EPA,
15	and we inaccurately stated it was a question
16	from Illinois Pollution Control Board. So
17	the sentence in Exhibit 11 that has been
18	referred to in the question that the Board
19	had, it should have stated from the IPCB. It
20	should have stated from the IEPA dated
21	September 14. So we're clarifying that it
22	should have been from the IEPA, not from the
23	Pollution Control Board.
24	MR. KENNEY: So that should clarify

1 the record on that score.

2	Now, the I believe you had
3	testified that the types of wastes that were
4	in the landfill were similar to, more similar
5	to inert type wastes than they were to
б	chemical and putrescible type wastes. Is
7	that accurate?
8	MR. BOW: I did not I can make that
9	characterization that they are more similar
10	to inert type wastes. We hadn't discussed
11	that specific point, but the presence of
12	calcium silicate and the roofing material
13	would be much more similar to an inert type
14	waste, although technically it's being
15	considered chemical and putrescible based
16	upon the limited amount of landfill gas
17	generation and the aviche (ph.) quality. It
18	is much more similar to an inert waste than
19	it is a chemical and putrescible waste.
20	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Mr. Bow,
21	could you speak up, please.
22	MR. BOW: In a traditional sense.
23	MR. KENNEY: So is it your opinion
24	that the adjusted standards that have been

1	proposed by Johns Manville would be
2	protective equally protective of the
3	environment as in compliance with the
4	regulatory requirements?
5	MR. BOW: It is my opinion. That is
6	correct.
7	MR. KENNEY: That is true of both
8	landfill gas monitoring proposed adjusted
9	standard, and gas and the ground water
10	monitoring?
11	MR. BOW: It is true of both.
12	MR. KENNEY: Well, I have no further
13	questions for Mr. Bow, unless I know
14	Mr. Orlinsky has some. And if the Board has
15	any additional questions, we'd certainly
16	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN:
17	Mr. Orlinsky?
18	MR. ORLINSKY: I have a few, and to
19	some extent I think you may have just hit on
20	the question. But Sandra Bron, that's
21	B-R-O-N, who is our project manager with
22	Johns Manville was not able to make it. But
23	she had sent me just a couple of questions
24	and she wanted to clarify based on the

1	written testimony that was submitted to the
2	board. And these go to what you were just
3	talking about, about the distinction between
4	inert wastes and chemical and putrescible
5	wastes. So let me just read them verbatim
б	and see.
7	On Page 10 you say that waste
8	material generated at the plant in 1992 for
9	disposal on the onsite landfill included
10	sludge from the presettling lagoons,
11	parentheses, insert solids from
12	manufacturing, parentheses. How do you know
13	the sludge from the presettling lagoons was
14	inert solids?
15	MR. BOW: The sludge from the
16	presettling lagoons came out of the thermal
17	12 manufacturing process. Thermal 12 or T12
18	insulation was primarily and largely
19	consisted of lyme and silica sand quartz.
20	Those materials are inert. It did not
21	contain organic materials that you would
22	typically consider to be a chemical and
23	putrescible waste. Therefore, the
24	description as largely inert is accurate in

1 that it was lime material and sand. MR. ORLINSKY: And Ms. Bron's second 2 3 question: On Page 11 you say the initial 4 facility report on Page 9 has a reference to 5 the waste being inert. For the record, in your discussions and communications with 6 7 Illinois EPA, is it your understanding that Illinois EPA agreed with the reference to the 8 9 waste being inert? 10 MR. BOW: They did not agree that it 11 was inert. MR. ORLINSKY: Now, and this is just 12 my question now. If, in fact, there was some 13 14 chemical and putrescible waste mixed in with the inert waste, would that have any bearing 15 one way or another on this adjusted standard? 16 MR. BOW: Yes. 17 MR. ORLINSKY: It shouldn't have --18 MR. BOW: It could because the ground 19 20 water monitoring requirements as a whole, 21 should they have been inert waste, would have 22 been largely different. Because it is chemical and putrescible by definition in a 23 strict sense, we are looking at the ongoing 24

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

1	ground water monitoring that we're currently
2	addressing. So I believe there would be a
3	substantial difference had it been determined
4	to be fully inert. But the presence of
5	cardboard and wood caused it to be considered
6	as a chemical and putrescible waste even
7	though it was largely inert.
8	MR. ORLINSKY: Thank you. I have
9	nothing further.
10	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Thank you.
11	Miss Liu?
12	MS. LIU: Nothing else for me. Thank
13	you.
14	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: Terrific.
15	We can go off the record.
16	(Off the record.)
17	HEARING OFFICER HALLORAN: We can go
18	back on the record. We're back on the
19	record. We were just talking about
20	post-hearing briefing schedules. The parties
21	have rested, our technical personnel,
22	Miss Liu, has no further questions. We've
23	agreed on a post-hearing briefing schedule as
24	follows: Mr. Kenney, JM's brief is due

1	opening brief is due August the 31st, 2007.
2	The IEPA, Mr. Orlinsky's brief, is due
3	September 12, 2007, and JM's reply, if any,
4	is due September 19, 2007. I'll set public
5	comment for August 17.
б	All right. If there's no
7	further questions, this concludes the
8	hearing, and I appreciate your
9	professionalism. And I apologize, again, for
10	my lateness. I thought the quality of
11	evidence was very enlightening and very good.
12	Thank you so much.
13	(Which were all the
14	proceedings had.)
15	* * * * *
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

Shorthand Reporter doing business in the City of Chicago, Illinois, County of Cook, certify that I б reported in shorthand the proceedings had at the foregoing hearing of the above-entitled cause. And I certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of all my shorthand notes so taken as aforesaid and contains all the proceedings had at the said meeting of the above-entitled cause.

1)

L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292

LAURA BERNAR, CSR CSR NO. 084-003592